Nature Conservation in the Transboundary Areas of North-East Asia: Attitudes and Practice

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## **Protected Areas**

 Save typical and unique natural landscapes, the diversity of flora and fauna

Protect natural and cultural heritage

## Protected Areas in the Russian Federation

## **State Nature Reserves**

Nature conservation, research, environmental education (the Ministry of Nature of Russia)

- Inspection Services (protection services) is responsible for conservation of territories, protected areas and wildlife preserves

- Reports of violations (unauthorized felling, haymowing, pasture of cattle, illegal hunting, fishing, gathering wild plants, building, location (thoroughfare, passageway, parking place), unauthorized occupation of land, pollution natural systems), breach of fire security rules in forests

- Penalties

- Institution of criminal proceedings

## Protected Areas in the Russian Federation

**Natural Parks** 

Nature conservation, educational, scientific, cultural, for regulated tourism (the Ministry of Nature of Russia)

The special State Inspection on preservation of territories is responsible for conservation natural complexes and objects

### **State Wildlife Preserves**

Preserve or restore natural complexes or their components and maintain environmental balance

- the Ministry of Nature of Russia is responsible for management and protection territories of Federal State Wildlife Preserves, holding actions for conservation biological diversity and maintenance in natural state protection natural complexes and objects on the territory of these Preserves

- Constituent territories of the Russian Federation administration of Rosprirodnadzor is responsible for protection of animality and water biological resources, state control and supervision in the framework of existing authority

### The network of Protected areas in the Trans-Baikal Region



# Protected Areas of the Transbaikal Territory

## Federal (2%)

- 1. Daursky biosphere Reserve
- 2. Sokhondinsky biosphere Reserve
- 3. National park "Alankhay"
- 4. "Burkalsky" Preserve
- 5. "Tsasucheisky bor" Preserve
- 6. "Glacier Kodar" Natural monument
- 7. "Darasun" Resort

Regional

## Protected areas of the Transbaikal Region

 Wildlife preserves. 13 of 17 are profiles (zoological or hunting). They are created for the purpose of preservation and reproduction hunting sort of animals that don't provide conduct of complex monitoring activities on their territory and leave specific traces on economic activity.

#### Complex

- Preserves "Mountain steppe", "Agin steppe", "Ivano-Arkhangelsky" (regional)
- «Tsasucheisky bor» (Federal Wildlife preserves)
- Zoological (under the management of Public Administration "Joint Management of biological preserves in the Transbaikal Region")
  - "Agin Steppe", "Olenguisky" and "Argaleisky" are under authority of Public Administration "Directorate of Protected areas in Buryat District"
  - "Mountain Steppe" is under authority Sokhodinsk reserve
  - "Tsasucheisky bor" (Federal) is under authority Daursky reserve
  - "Ivano-Arakhleisky" has its own administration.
- Regional Directorates, which management preserves, and also the Administration of Ivano-Arakhlesky preserve don't have authority to actively oppose the violations of regime of Protected areas.
- Natural monuments (11 of 65 are located in protected areas of higher status. Areas of most Natural monuments don't exceed 300 ha).
  - Geological, including paleontology(21),
  - Hydrological (16),
  - Botanical (8),
  - Zoological (1)
  - Complex (9).

Regime of Natural monuments located out of Protected areas doesn't control by anybody, though Environmental Inspection of Transbaikal Region, State Hunting Service and Rosselkhoznadzor in Transbaikal Region have this authority (as well as for other Regional Protected areas.

- Resorts (8)
- Therapeutic areas (1) of the region (59133 ha or 3,5 % lands of Protected areas). 6 of 8 heals resorts currently operate.

# International cooperation

The Convention on Biological Diversity

The Convention on Wetlands of International importance especcially as Waterfowl Habitat (1971, Ramsar) – "Khankaisky", "Daursky", "Khingansky", "Koryaksky" reserves, State natural Preserve "Udilsky"

 Convention for the Protection of World Culture and Natural Heritage (1972) – "Steppe Dauria";
 Daursky and Sokhodinsky reserves are included in the network of UNESCO Biosphere Reserves.

 bilateral (tripartite) agreement on the establishment and functioning of Protected areas adjoining to the border.

Agreement between the Ministry of Nature of Russian, the Ministry of Environmental Nature and Environmental of Mongolia and the Environmental Protection Agency of China (29.03.1994). "Daursky" (Biosphere Reserves of Dauria, Wildlife Preserve "Tsasucheisky bor"), "Mongol daguur" and "Dalinor" (province of Inner Mongolia, China) Reserves;
 Agreement between the Government of the Russian Federation and the Government of China (26.04.1996) to establish the International Reserve (State Nature Reserve "Khankaisky" in Primorsky Kray and Reserve "Lake Khanka" in Heilongjiang Province )

 Action Plan for Cooperation for 2009-2010. (Implementation the Agreement)