

What is CEPA in nature conservation?



Conservation is about people+ Behavioural change
 Learn >Appreciate + Love> Protect

CEPA

C – Communication/Capacity Building

E – Education

P – Participation

A – Awareness

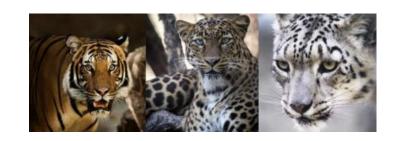


Conserving migratory species in NEASPEC

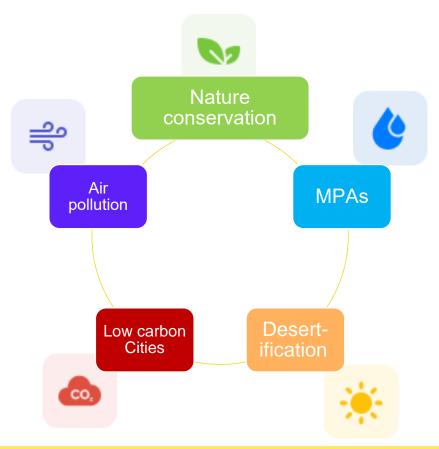


- 1. Transboundary migratory species
- 2. Issues are interconnected

3. Different levels of stakeholders









We need CEPA at all levels for conservation practices!

Synergize with multiple global goals and international mechanisms



1. Linking nature conservation with global goals

Sustainable Development Goals



















Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) - Kunming-Montreal Global **Biodiversity Framework Targets**



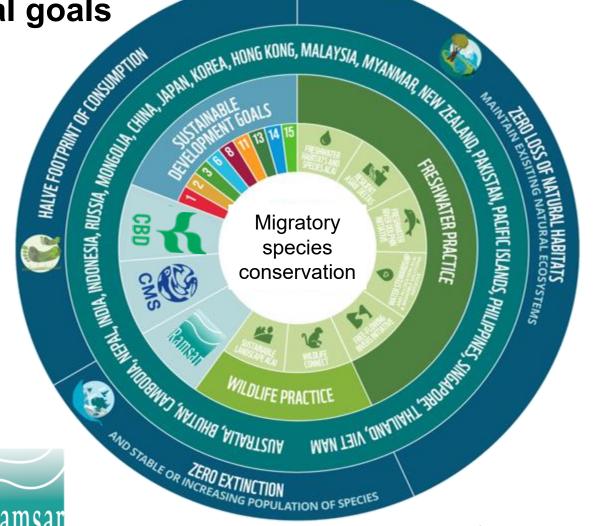
Convention on Biological Diversity



- Convention of Migratory Species
- Ramsar Convention on Wetlands

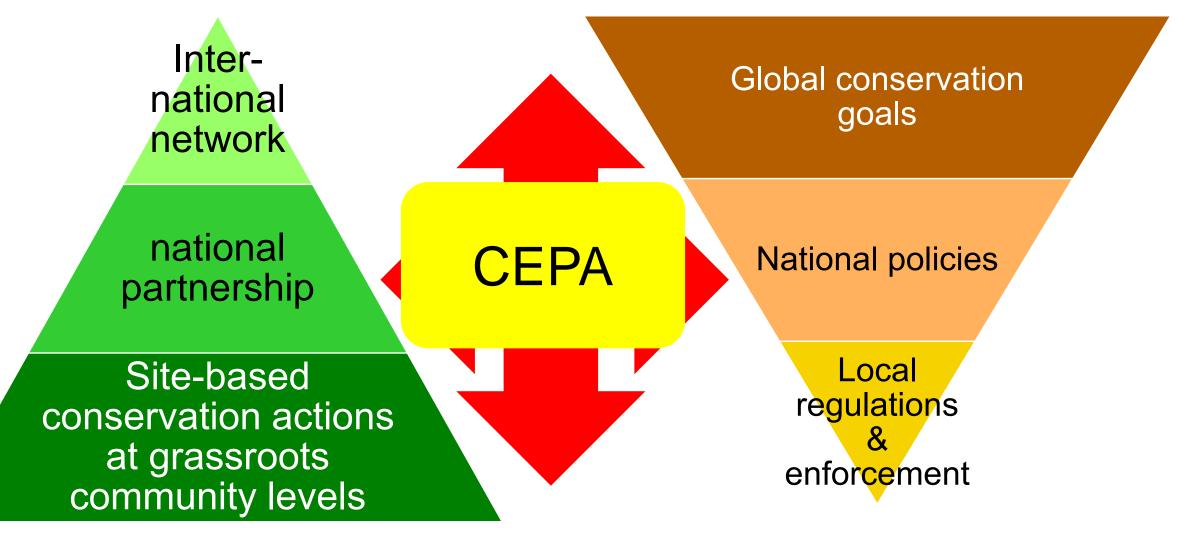






Top-down and Bottom-up approaches





Identifying different stakeholders





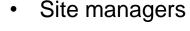
International network

- Intergovernmental treaties and organizations
- Government agencies
- International organizations



national partnership

- Government agencies
- National organizations (local and iNGOs, research institutes, etc.)



- NGOs
- Researchers, academia
- Indigenous and local community groups
- Schools
- Media
- · Corporates, etc.



Site-based conservation actions at grassroots community levels

Implementing CEPA for nature conservation

1. Building Networks





















By geographic ranges

- Working Group on Flyways (CMS)
- Amur-Heilong Ecoregion and Altai-sayan Ecoregion (WWF programme)
- Yellow Sea Ecoregion (EAAFP Task Force)

By Sites

- Ramsar Sites
- Flyway Site Network and Sister Site Programme

By species

- Black-faced Spoonbill Working Group (EAAFP)
- Cranes Working Group (EAAFP)

By issues

- Visitor centres (WLI Asia-Oceania)
- Illegal hunting (CMS, EAAFP, WWF)
- Renewable energy impact (CMS)

Convention of Migratory Species (CMS)



An environmental treaty of the United Nations, CMS provides a global platform for the conservation and sustainable use of migratory animals and their habitats.





- Working Group on Flyways
- Energy Task Force
- Intergovernmental Task Force to Address Illegal Hunting, Taking and Trade of Migratory Birds in the East Asian-Australasian Flyway

Ramsar Convention on Wetlands



An intergovernmental treaty that provides the framework for the conservation and wise use of wetlands and their resources.



- Ramsar CEPA Focal Point (Government and NGO FPs)
- The CEPA Oversight Panel
- The Ramsar Convention's Programme on communication, capacity building, education, participation and awareness (CEPA) 2016-2024

Ramsar Regional Initiatives:

- Ramsar Regional Centre East Asia (RRCEA)
- East Asian-Australasian Flyway Partnership (EAAFP)





Regional network: Ramsar Regional Centre East Asia (RRCEA)







- Publications
- National Training for Wetland Managers
- Networking WLI





Regional network East Asian-Australasian Flyway Partnership (EAAFP)





- The Flyway Site Network
- CEPA Action Plan
- Working Group and Task Forces
 - CEPA Working Group
 - Crane Working Group
 - Black-faced Spoonbill Working Group
 - Yellow Sea Ecoregion Task Force, etc.



EAAFP Flyway Network Site - Sister Site Partnership













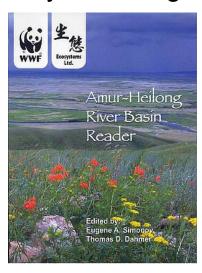
Regional Programmes by NGOs



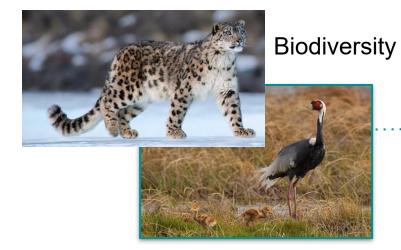
WWF Wetlands for Asian Flyways Initiative



WWF Amur-Heilong Ecoregion and Altai - Sayan Ecoregion Conservation Programmes







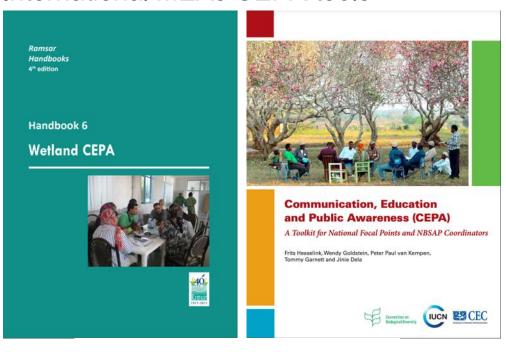


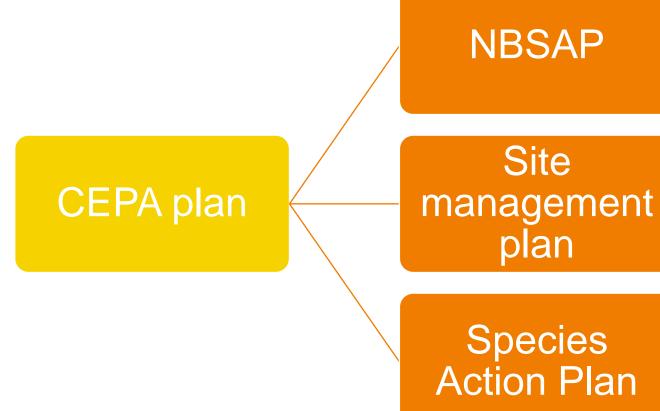


Implementing CEPA for nature conservation 2. Develop CEPA Plans for CEPA activities



International MEAs CEPA tools





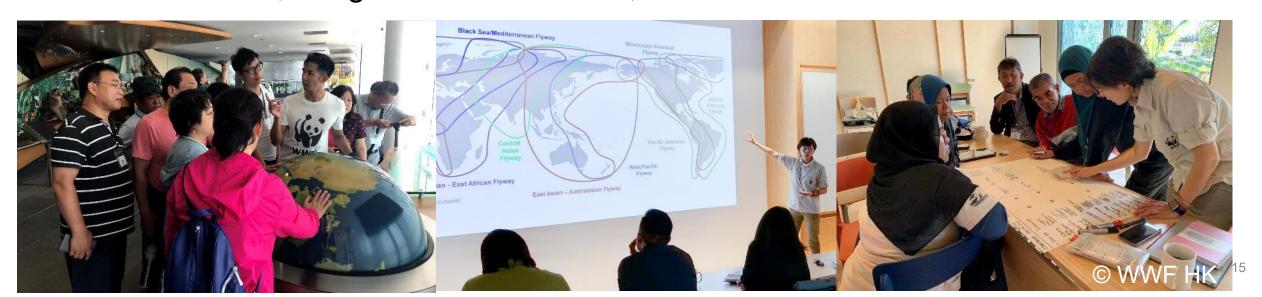
East Asian Assertiation Flywor Permership (EAAPP)

Implementing CEPA for nature conservation 3. Capacity building



WWF Hong Kong – Wetland management training programme

- Regional training hub on wetland management
- Over 20 years
- Share experience and knowledge with other Ramsar sites and wetlands in the EAAF for migratory birds
- Trained over 5,000 government officers, conservationists and researchers

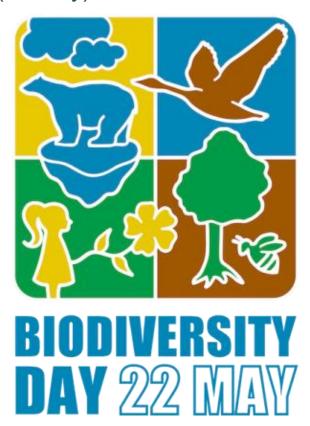


4. Enhancing CEPA Implementation Awareness raising using Global CEPA campaigns



Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)

International Day for Biodiversity (22 May)



Convention of Migratory Species (CMS) + EAAFP, AEWA, EFTA

World Migratory Bird Day (2nd Saturday of May and Oct)



Ramsar Convention on Wetlands

World Wetlands Day (2 Feb)

World Wetlands Day

2 February 2024



Educational and awareness raising activities with local communities and engage general public





Call for actions













4. Enhancing CEPA Implementation CEPA Facilities - site-based activities and visitor centres



- Provide consistent happenings at site level
- Community-bonding
- build local pride and ownership
- Emotional connection to land

Wetland Link International (WLI) Asia – Oceania

A network of wetland centres









4. Enhancing CEPA Implementation Sharing good practices and make use of regional cooperation



Environmental education programmes: transform knowledge and sharing of experiences and materials





Engaging different audiences (local communities, schools, media, corporates, etc.)



Crane School in Cheorwon, Ro Korea



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Black-faced Spoonbill welcoming, birthday and farewell parties in Incheon



Engaging different audiences (local communities, schools, media, corporates, etc.)



Crane Festival in Mongolia



Swan Goose Festival in DPR Korea

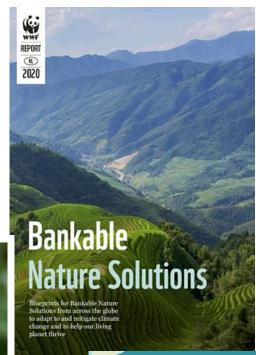




Implementing CEPA for nature conservation 5. Knowledge sharing







Engaging Youth in nature conservation





Education programmes at schools or sites



- Youth programmes (e.g. WWF One Planet Youth)
- Flyway Youth Forum



- NGOs by youth
- Youth Think Tank Competition
- Ramsar Youth Working Group/EAAFP Youth Task Force





Lessons learn and recommendations



- 1. CEPA work is crucial at all levels of conservation actions and to different audiences
- 2. Engage local communities and private sectors in CEPA
- 3. Overcome language barriers

Recommendations:

- Consistent dialogues via meetings, networking, events, online communitcations
- Be active and inclusive in existing regional networks and programmes
- Regular meetings for knowledge and information exchange and encourage collaboration at site, national and regional levels
- Include CEPA actions in action plans, management plans etc.
- Engage local stakeholders in site management planning and decision making process
- Create opportunities for participation of local communities (including youth and female)
- Continuous capacity building for site managers, staff and local communities





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