

Overview of NEASPEC Nature Conservation Strategy & 2021-2025 Strategic Plans

Workshop on Nature Conservation and Biodiversity for Transboundary Cooperation

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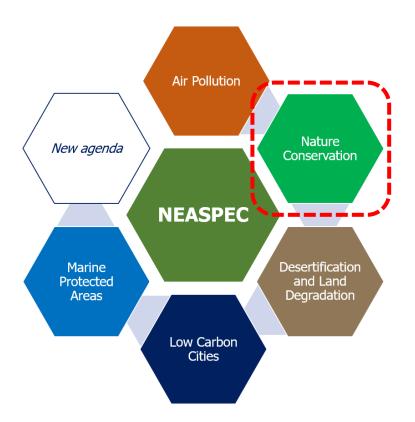
NEASPEC



North-East Asian Subregional Programme for Environmental Cooperation (NEASPEC)

Established: 1993 as a comprehensive cooperation framework
Members: China, DPR Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation
Objective: Promote environmental cooperation and sustainable development in North-East Asia

•30th Anniversary: 2023 marked the 30th anniversary of NEASPEC. <u>Member States</u> reaffirmed its commitment via the statement.

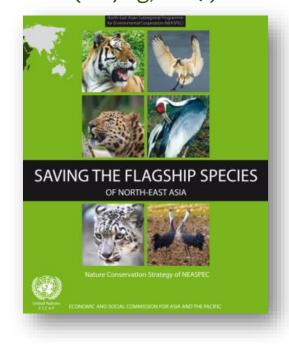


Nature Conservation Strategy

Background

NEASPEC Nature Conservation Strategy SOM-12 (Beijing, 2007)

relevant agreements.





Amur Tiger



Black-faced Spoonbill



Amur Leopard

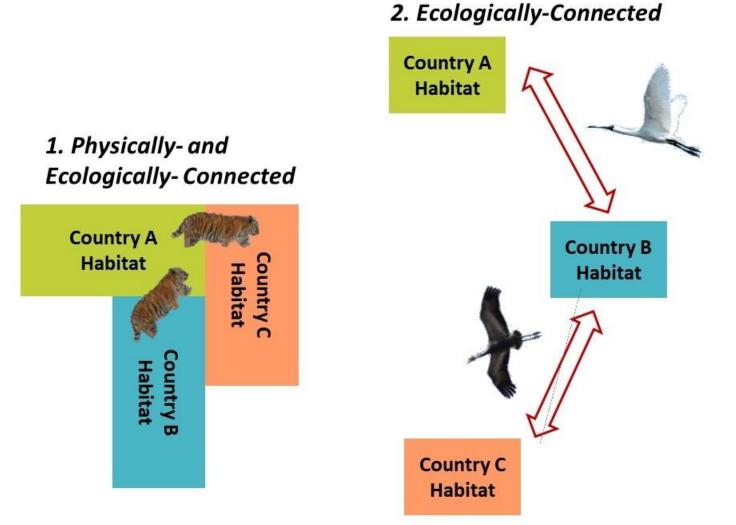
White-naped Crane



Hooded Crane

- **Overall** 1. Contribute to **biodiversity conservation in NEA** by ensuring the survival of target species;
- goals
- 2. Promote transboundary and inter-governmental cooperation;
 - 3. Enhance **coordinated mechanisms** for the conservation of target species and their habitats.
- Overall
 Build on existing schemes to create synergies, promote partnership with existing activities and networks.
 Support the subregional implementation of international agreements such as CBD, CMS, CITES and other

Connectivity conservation



NEASPEC Strategic Plan 2021-2025

Process towards Strategic Plan 2021-2025

SOM-23, 2019: Preliminary evaluation of implementing the Strategic Plan 2016-2020

March-April 2020: Stakeholder survey (163 participants) April-August 2020: Independent evaluation; June- inputs for SP 2021-2025 June-July 2020: Review of relevant mechanisms' activities, and regional & global context of NEASPEC work

> July 2020: Circulation of background document and draft SP 2021-2025 August 2020: National Focal Points meeting on the SP 2021-2025; and additional feedback

NEASPEC Strategic Plan 2021-2025: Biodiversity and Nature Conservation

Objectives:

By 2025, build and/or strengthen institutional arrangements on the conservation of flagship species and their habitats in support of the NEASPEC Nature Conservation Strategy, national biodiversity strategy and action plan, the Post-2020 Biodiversity Framework and the SDG 15.

Activities

Support strengthening bilateral, multilateral and multistakeholder cooperation, for institutionalizing crossborder and connectivity conservation between national protected areas including protected wetlands in the Tumen River area Facilitate <u>capacity</u> <u>building and</u> <u>knowledge sharing</u> <u>on ecosystem</u> <u>approach/manageme</u> <u>nt</u> in habitats and protected areas of the flagship species Facilitate <u>capacity</u> <u>building and</u> <u>knowledge sharing</u> <u>on the conservation</u> <u>of flagship species</u>, including monitoring and prevention of wildlife diseases Liaise with **multilateral, regional and global mechanisms on biodiversity and nature conservation** and develop partnership activities



Looking Forward: 2026-2030 – what trends should NEASPEC capture?

- The strategy will be through the consultative process among stakeholders, and general directions may include:
 - Expand transboundary conservation efforts across North-East Asia
 - Deepen cooperation on emerging biodiversity challenges
 - Strengthen integration with global biodiversity initiatives
- First and foremost, <u>we would like to hear from</u> <u>you!</u>



Thank you

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