Roles of Regional Cooperation (Session 6)

The 2nd International Forum on Low Carbon Cities

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Presentation Outline



PART 1: Projected GHG emission trends





PART 2: Regional Cooperation for Low-Carbon Cities

PART 3: Key Recommendations for Advancing Low Carbon Cities in Asia-Pacific

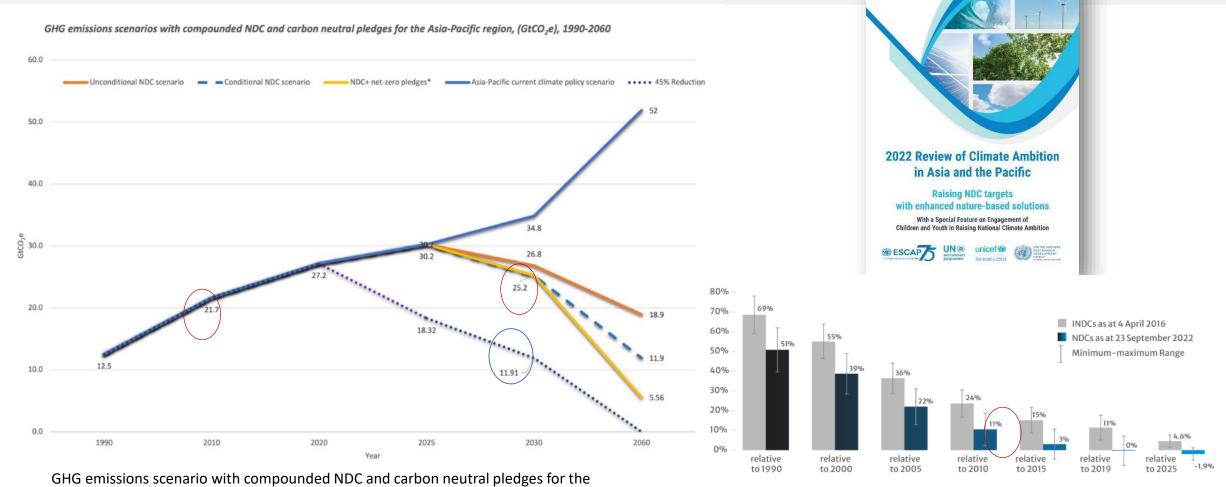
Part 4: Conclusion

Part 1: Expected GHG emission trend at Regional & Global

ESCAP MOVING FORWARD TOGETHER

Levels:

Asia-Pacific region, (GtCO2 e), 1990-2060





Part 2: Regional Cooperation for Low-Carbon Cities

- Cities play a critical role in improving quality of life and accelerating the transition to renewable energy and net-zero targets.
- This requires the highest energy efficiency, expansion of renewable sources, and effective waste management.





Part 2: Regional Cooperation for Low-Carbon Cities

- Achieving the goal of low-carbon cities and societies that consume sustainable green technology, and green practices, and emit relatively low GHG to avoid the adverse impacts of climate change requires:
- (i) Common agenda and cooperation across the region, including transboundary issues, among key public, private and civil society stakeholders.
- (ii) Building the technical capacity of cities to respond to multiple crises and develop climate action plans;
- (iii) Promoting knowledge and information sharing on policies, programs & best practices across the region; and
- (iv) Building and collaborating on existing platforms and networks for climate action.





1. Accelerating Energy Transition for Cities

- Decarbonization of energy systems, energy efficiency in building stocks, compact & resilient cities, & a circular urban economy.
- Energy-efficient construction practices and the construction of buildings that are supplied with renewable energy.
- Transformational planning & programming, catalyzing climate innovation, mobilization of finance at scale, & sharing of knowledge.

Country	Jurisdiction	Ongoing or implemented projects related to renewable energy	Availability of renewable energy targets	Availability of GHG emissions/ air pollution reduction targets	Use of renewable energy and related technologies			
					Buildings and infrastructure sectors		Industry sector	Energy generation sector
The Philippines	Bago	No	0	0	0*	0*	100	0*
	Borongan	No	12	35	0	0	3	9
	Cauayan	Yes	33	33	16	0	19	17
	Munoz	No	36	36	33	43	28	19
	Muntinlupa	Yes	29	86	34	33	52	22
	Ormoc	Yes	3	24	28	100	17	15
	Quezon	Yes	100	100	39	100	56	100
	Santa Rosa	Yes	30	100	26	50	6	0
	Vigan	No	44	59	28	25	4	15
	Zamboanga	Yes	41	41	30	58	6	22
Malaysia	Iskandar	Yes	51	70	17	62	55	50
	Penang	Yes	68	55	23	24	6	42
	Putrajaya	Yes	15	79	50	50	N/A**	50
	Subang Jaya	Yes	48	48	63	15	7	44
Indonesia	Balikpapan	Yes	43	54	15	50	33	0
	Jakarta	Yes	11	56	33	75	53	73
	Palembang	Yes	25	33	22	76	8	50
Lao PDR	Kaysone Phomvihane	N/A	28	27	0	0	0	22
	Pakse	No	33	33	0	0	0	0
/iet Nam	Da Nang	Yes	47	42	18	50	9	22



2. Accelerating Energy Transition for Transport: Promote the acceleration of the transition to electric mobility in public transport & support the reduction of GHG emission

Asia-Pacific Initiative on Electric Mobility

- Support the acceleration of the transition to electric mobility.
- Enhance regional cooperation & sharing experiences across public and private stakeholders.
- Strengthen capacity to formulate national policies & strategies to accelerate the transition.
- Enhance multi-sectoral collaboration among energy, transport, finance & other sectors.
- Develop a knowledge base on the electrical mobility ecosystem.



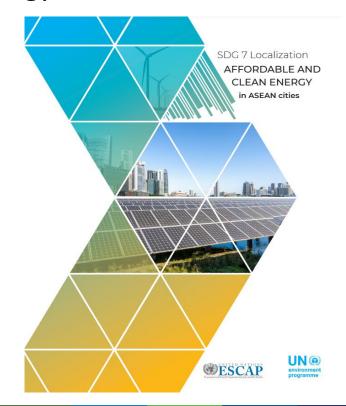
3. Decarbonizing Transport: Accelerate the transition of the transport sector in the region to environmentally sustainable transport infrastructure, systems, and services

Regional Action Programme for Sustainable Transport Development

- Policy measures on Low-carbon transport
- Decarbonization of regional supply-chains
- Energy efficiency in transport
- Transition to electric mobility
- Integrated urban transport development
- Digitization of transport



- **4. Localization of SDGs:** With a focus on SDG 7 for the energy transition in cities to ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all
- Setting sustainable energy vision & targets; developing sustainable energy policies; engaging stakeholders; unlocking sustainable energy finance; & implementing integrated energy solutions.
- Energy system integration is crucial to delivering SDG7 costeffectively while increasing resilience & supporting whole-system decarbonization.
- Sector integration is achievable at a local level.





5. Accelerating Climate Finance in Cities

- Strengthening city capacity to mobilize and access climate finance.
- Directing private capital to accelerate the green transition in key sectors which see high GHG emissions.
- Developing policies that promote innovation and make clean energy more affordable.
- Aligning national and city climate action plans, cross-sectoral approaches, and mobilization of private-sector financing.



Part 4: Conclusion

Cities in Asia-Pacific must raise ambitions and take significant strides to accelerate progress through building a common vision, establishing, and enhancing partnerships, catalyzing knowledge sharing, and leveraging existing platforms and networks to support low-carbon pathways, and scale up nature-based innovative solutions and financing.



