Wildlife and Habitat Conservation of the Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) and adjoining regions of the Korean Peninsula

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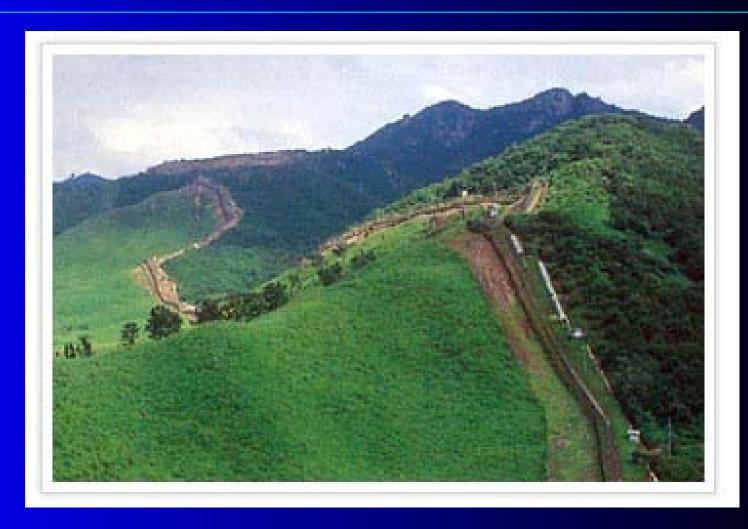
The Area (DMZ)



The East Coast Area of the DMZ



The Eastern Part of the DMZ Area



The Western Part of the DMZ Area



Habitat Types of the DMZ

Total Area	Forest	Agricultural Land	Grassland	Wetland
90,703 ha (45,136 ha in S. Korea, 45,567 ha in N. Korea)	75.5%	2.8%	20.4%	1.3%

Wildlife of the DMZ

	Plants	Birds	Mammals	Reptiles and Amphibians
No. of Species	1,194/ 4500	201/ 450	52/82	28/36

Red Crowned Cranes in the rice field of Cholwon



White Naped Cranes in the rice field of Cholwon



Cinereous Vulture in Cholwon



Crested Ibis in Wetland of Panmungeum



Leopard Cat



Musk Deer in the DMZ





Korean Water Deer







Asiatic Black Bear



Siberian Flying Squirrel



Mountain Goral in the eastern part of the DMZ



Leopard



Eurasian Otter



Spotted Seals along the coast of Bakryoung Island





Movements of the Spotted Seal





Seasonal Migration of the Spotted Seals



Protected Areas of the DMZ and adjoining region

No	The Protected Area	
1	Cholwon Migratory Bird Habitat	
2	Mt. Daeam and Daewoo	
3	Mt. Haengro Bong, Geunbong	
		Total 15,328ha
4	Cholwon Gyeowoong Mt. Forest Genetic Resources Protected Area	
5	Cholwon Chunbul Mt.	
6	Cholwon jeukkeun Mt.	
7	Cholwon Bakam Mt.	
8	Yanggu Baksuck Mt	
9	Yanggu Daewoo Mt	
10	Inje Donggul Bong Mt	
		Total 20,819ha

Conservation Programs in Transboundary Areas of the Korean Peninsula

- Contract Program for Biodiversity Management
 - Contract between land owner and local government
 - Paid for crop production
- Ranger Program
 - Program for local people
 - •Wildlife, nature monument, environmental rangers
- Public Awareness Program
- Cooperation Program between local and national agencies and institutions



